



CFAAR

Center for Food Allergy
& Asthma Research



Northwestern
University

Food Allergy Data Dictionary and CDEs

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FACEP (Academia)

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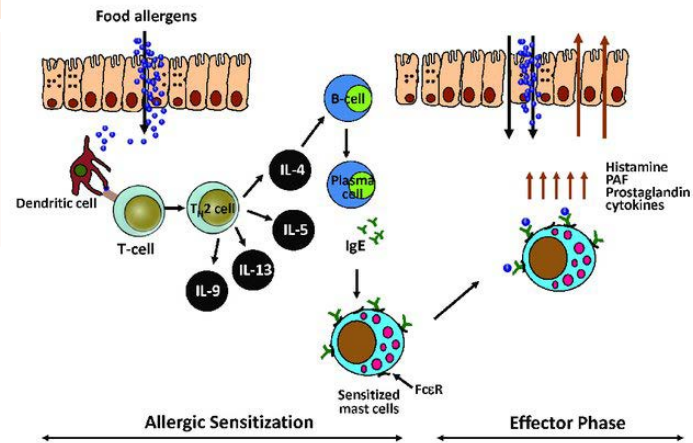
Agenda

- The Food Allergy Landscape
- Food Allergy Data Dictionary
- Food Allergy Clinical Note Templates
- Common Data Elements for Food Allergy
- Long Term Vision
- Meet our Team at Northwestern University

The Food Allergy (FA) Landscape

Overview

FA is an immune-mediated, chronic disorder



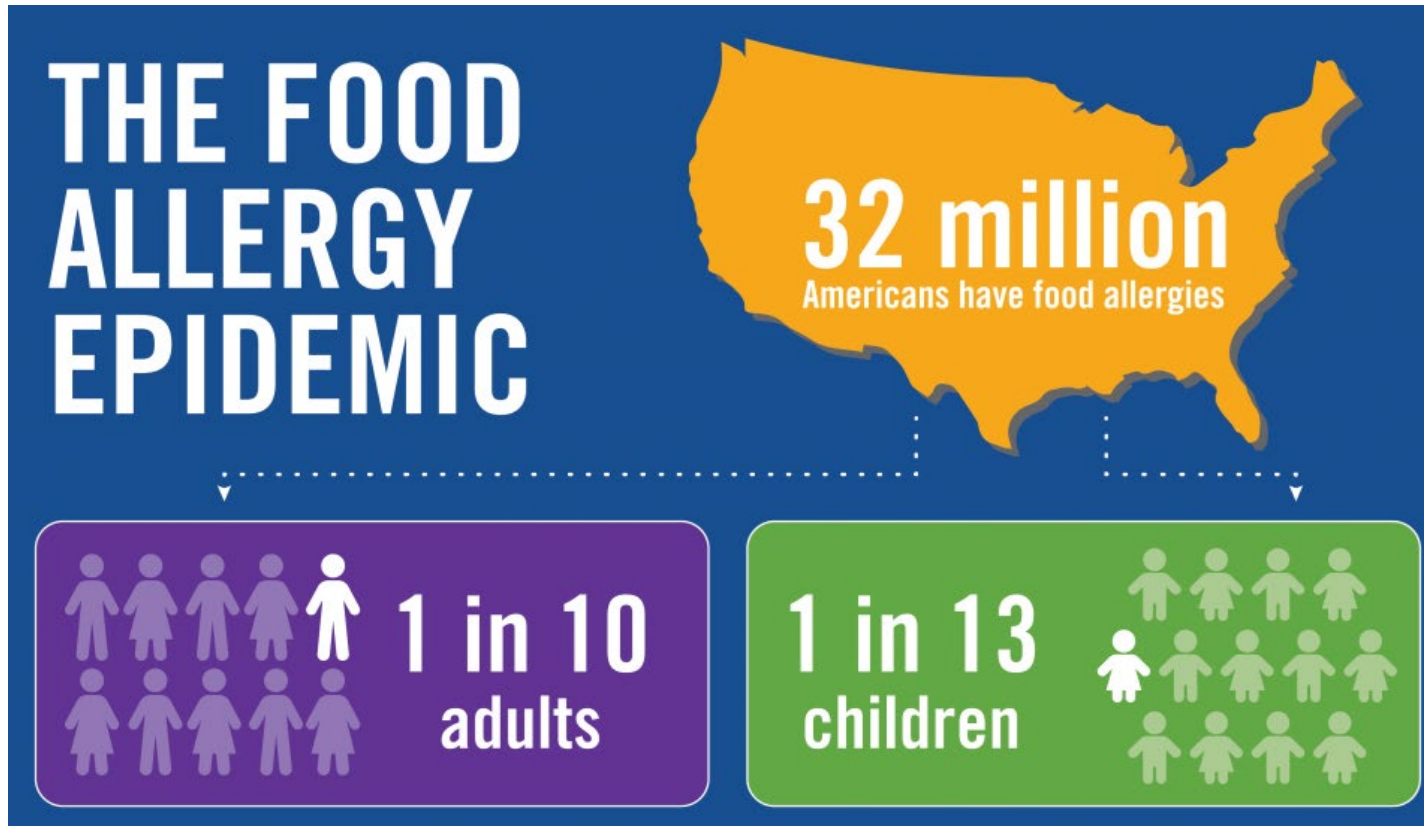
It is a public health issue of global importance



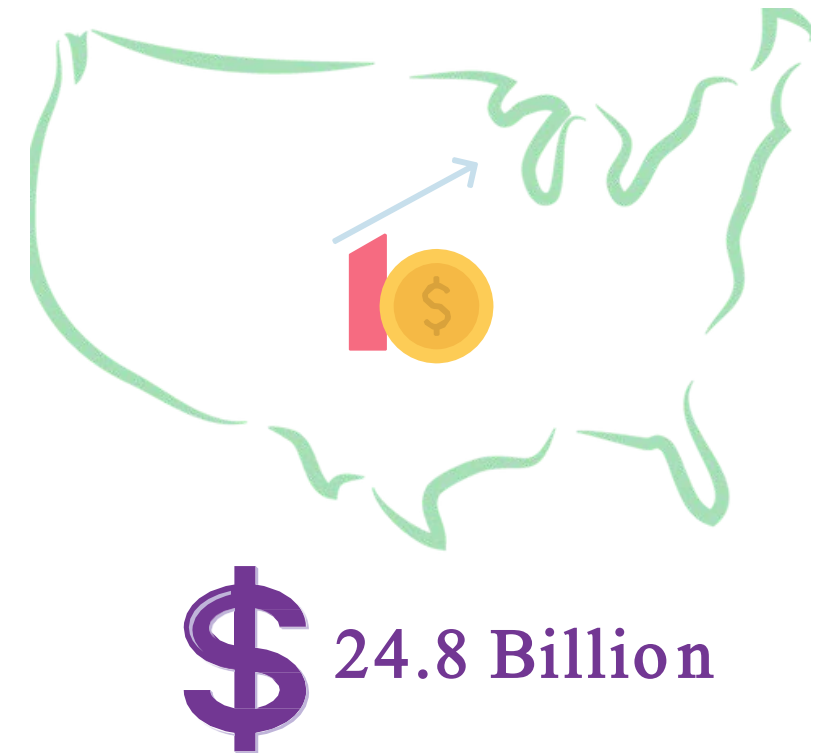
It has a massive clinical and economic impact



FA burden in the U.S.



Overall Economic Cost



But we still don't really understand food allergy!

- Heterogeneous triggers, presentations, and prognoses
- Complex inheritance.
- Food Allergy has the hallmarks of a complex trait

The Challenge

- Sub-phenotyping (deep phenotyping, endophenotyping) requires **lots** of data from **lots** of patients
- Collecting lots of data together requires standardizing on common codes, forms, and structures
- Documentation is mostly free text or local coding schemes
- Manual chart extraction is not scalable
- **Current coding systems capture food allergy data poorly**

Food Allergy Data Dictionary

Food Allergy Data Dictionary: Need

- Food allergy domain lacks a common base of terminology and hinders data exchange among institutions.
- A requisite first step to enable multi-site data exchange is the creation of a Data Dictionary.
- Without this, there is no way to combine data from different sites or to compare across sites.

**BAD DATA IS NO
BETTER THAN NO
DATA.**

Food Allergy Data Dictionary (FADD)

Design criteria

Build on current
limited coding
standards
(Standards-based)

Encode CURRENT
clinical practice
(Community-based)

Usable by patients,
clinicians, and
researchers
(Community-driven)

Food Allergy Data Dictionary: Development

Review of existing FA clinical documentation

Iterative, collaborative development

Vetted with 22 academic centers and three industry partners

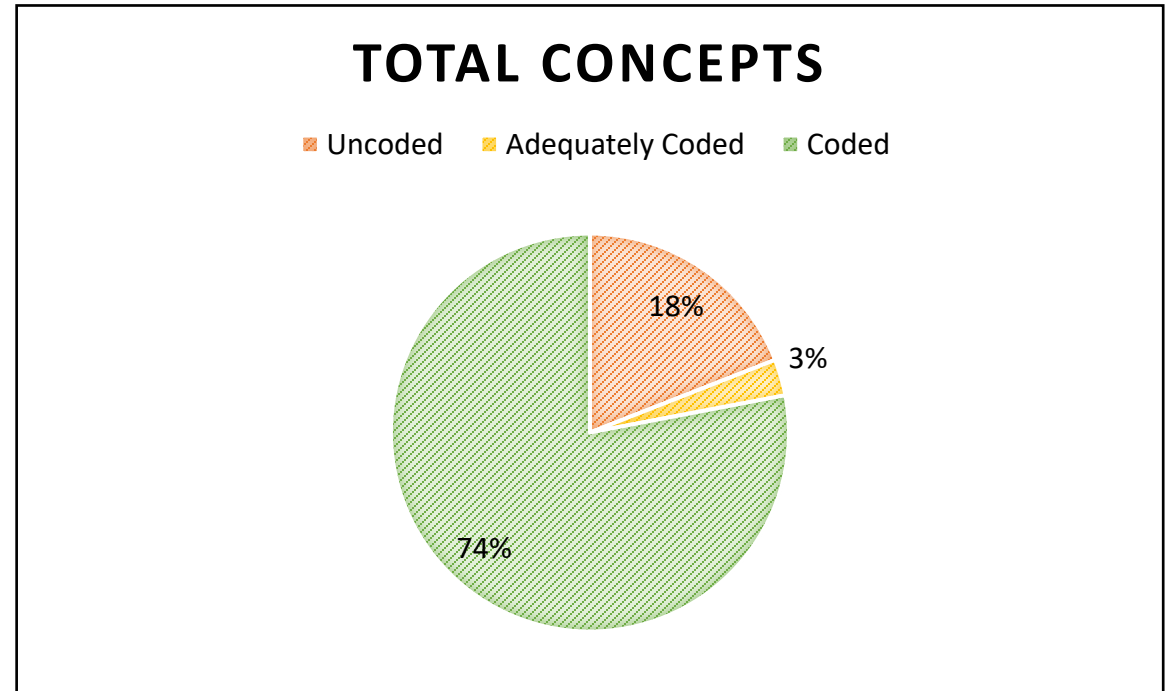
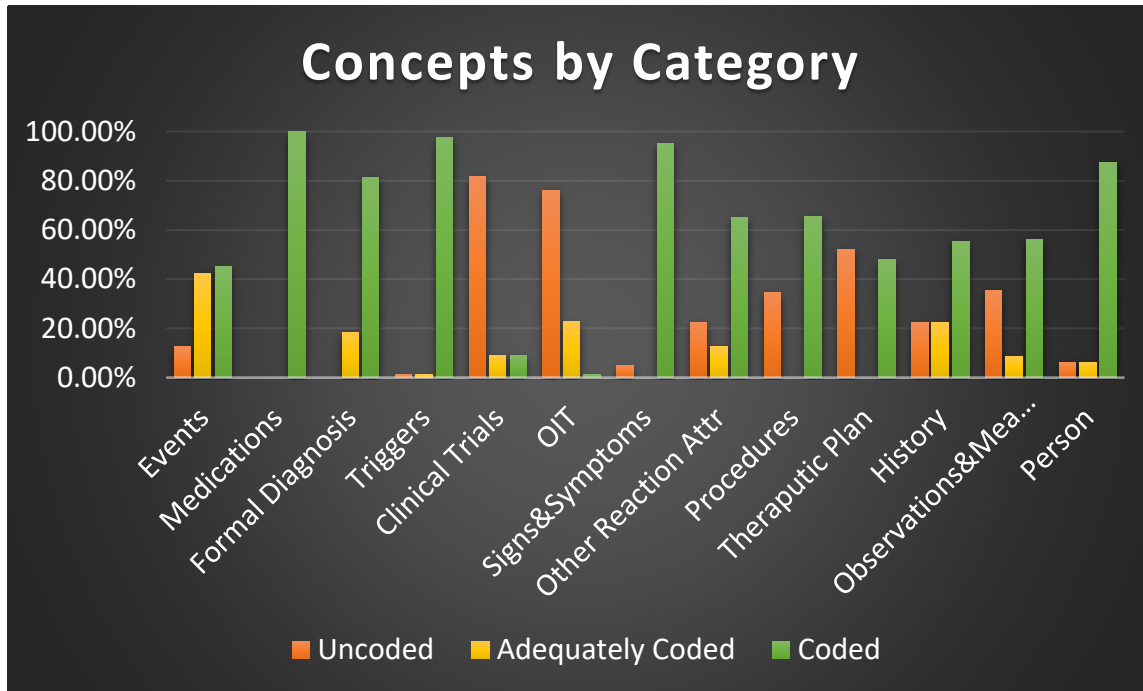
Data Dictionary v1.0
(936 Concepts)

Ongoing efforts: FA clinical note templates + Common Data Elements development

Mapping the FADD to OMOP

- Observational Medical Outcomes Partnership (OMOP)
- Mostly widely adopted model for sharing clinical data
- Ontologies including SNOMED, ICD10, RxNORM, LOINC, FoodOn, etc.

OMOP mapping results



Food Allergy Clinical Note Templates

Concept to Implementation

FOOD ALLERGY Data Dictionary

60
pages

Conceptual Wireframe Design for Food Allergy Structured Data Entry Forms

Vol. 1: Initial & Follow-up Visit

73
pages

- Reaction to food allergen/s
- No prior reaction but positive lab tests
- Screening in a high risk patient (e.g., positive family history, atopic dermatitis)
- Evaluation for oral allergy syndrome

Details of the most recent reaction

Age at reaction (years/months/days)

Food allergy trigger for the most recent reaction

Egg

Milk

Peanut

Tree nut

Wheat

Sesame

Soy

Shellfish

Fin fish

☰ Browse all

🔍 Search

Other foods

Form of food/product that led to the reaction

Initial allergy note (SmartText)

Reason for Visit

{Reason For Visit:20223}

{Reaction to allergen(s) TEMPLATE:TXT,26279}

{No prior reaction but positive allergy testing TEMPLATE:TXT,26466}

Epinephrine Review Section

Does the patient have epinephrine?

{Screening in high-risk patient (e.g., atopic dermatitis, EoE, positive family history) TEMPLATE:TXT,26465}

{Evaluation of oral allergy syndrome TEMPLATE:TXT,26465}

Other reason for visit: ***

Review of Systems

General: {ROSGEN:76}

Nasal: {NASAL:79}

Throat: {THROAT:80}

Respiratory: {RESPRTRY:82}

Cardiovascular: {CV:83}

GI: {GI:84}

Skin: {SKIN:88}

All other systems reviewed and are negative

Physical Examination

@VITALS@

General: {PEGEN:280}

Head: {PHYSEX:89}

Ears: {EARSPE:303}

Eyes: {PEEYES:281}

Nose: {PENOSE:282}

Throat: {PETHRT:283}

Neck: {PENECK:284}

Chest/ungs: {PECHST:286}

Cardiovascular: {PECV:285}

Abdomen: {PEABD:288}

GU: {GU2:9390}

Extremities: {PEEXT:289}

Neuro: {PENEURO:290}

Skin: {PESKIN:291}

Initial Visit: Assessment Section

Definite/Confirmed food allergy to: {Allergen(s):20179}

Probable suspected food allergy to: {Allergen(s):20179}

Oral allergy syndrome to: {Oral Allergy Allergen list:20411}

Initial Visit: Plan Section

{SPT:20706}

Specific IgE ordered today for: {Allergen(s):20404}

Allergen component testing ordered today for: {Allergens:20332}

{Recommendations:20707}

Additional instructions for home introduction:

Food allergy medications prescribed today:

Evaluation at Today's Visit

- Epinephrine status reviewed
- Natural history and FA prognosis reviewed with the patient/family/caregiver
- Allergen avoidance measures discussed with the patient/family/caregiver
- Written emergency health plan/Anaphylaxis management plan reviewed and given to the patient/family/caregiver
- Food allergen education materials reviewed and given to the patient/family/caregiver

Goals of Lurie documentation project

Implement a documentation template note

Support discrete data capture (ontology)

Usable by clinicians

Scalable to other sites

Incorporate CDEs

Common Data Elements (CDEs) for Food Allergy

Why FA CDEs now?

- New therapies and increasing numbers of treatments being developed.
- Increased volume of clinical trials.
- Need to compare among trials
- Clinical trial data suffers from same lack of standardization as clinical data.

No NIH-endorsed CDEs address allergy

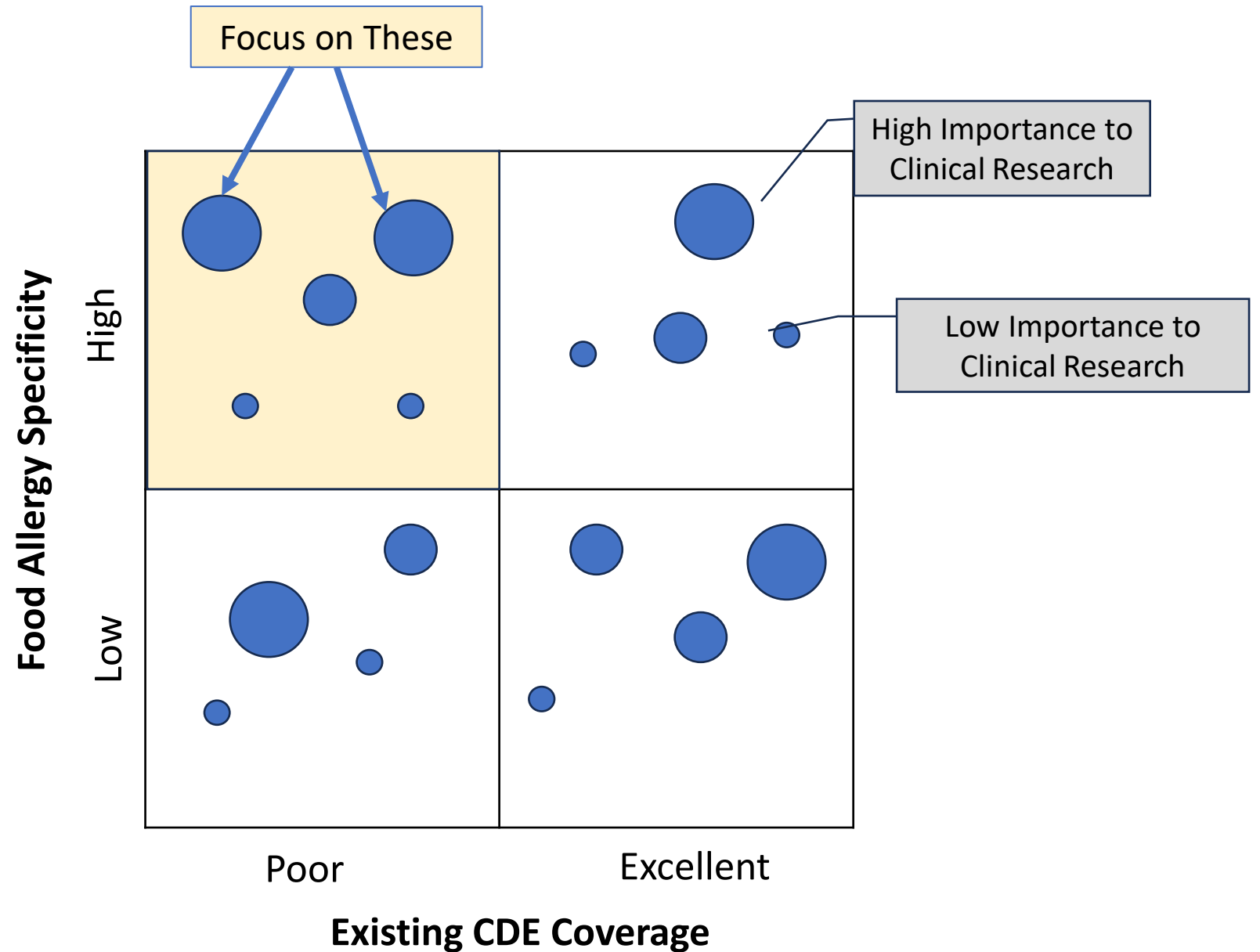
- Coverage of food allergy in the NIH's CDE repository is minimal.
- **Currently, there are over 23,000 CDEs from 18 NIH institutes and centers, of which 137 are NIH-endorsed.**

Project goals

- **Identify and develop a set of CDEs for FA** that can help provide consistency in the way FA clinical research data are collected.
- The limited project duration means that we **cannot define every possible FA-related CDE**
 - Focus on creating new FA-specific CDEs instead of recreating common CDEs.

CDEs for FA

Project Focus



The process

PHASE 1

FA CDE Expert Panel (FACEP) established

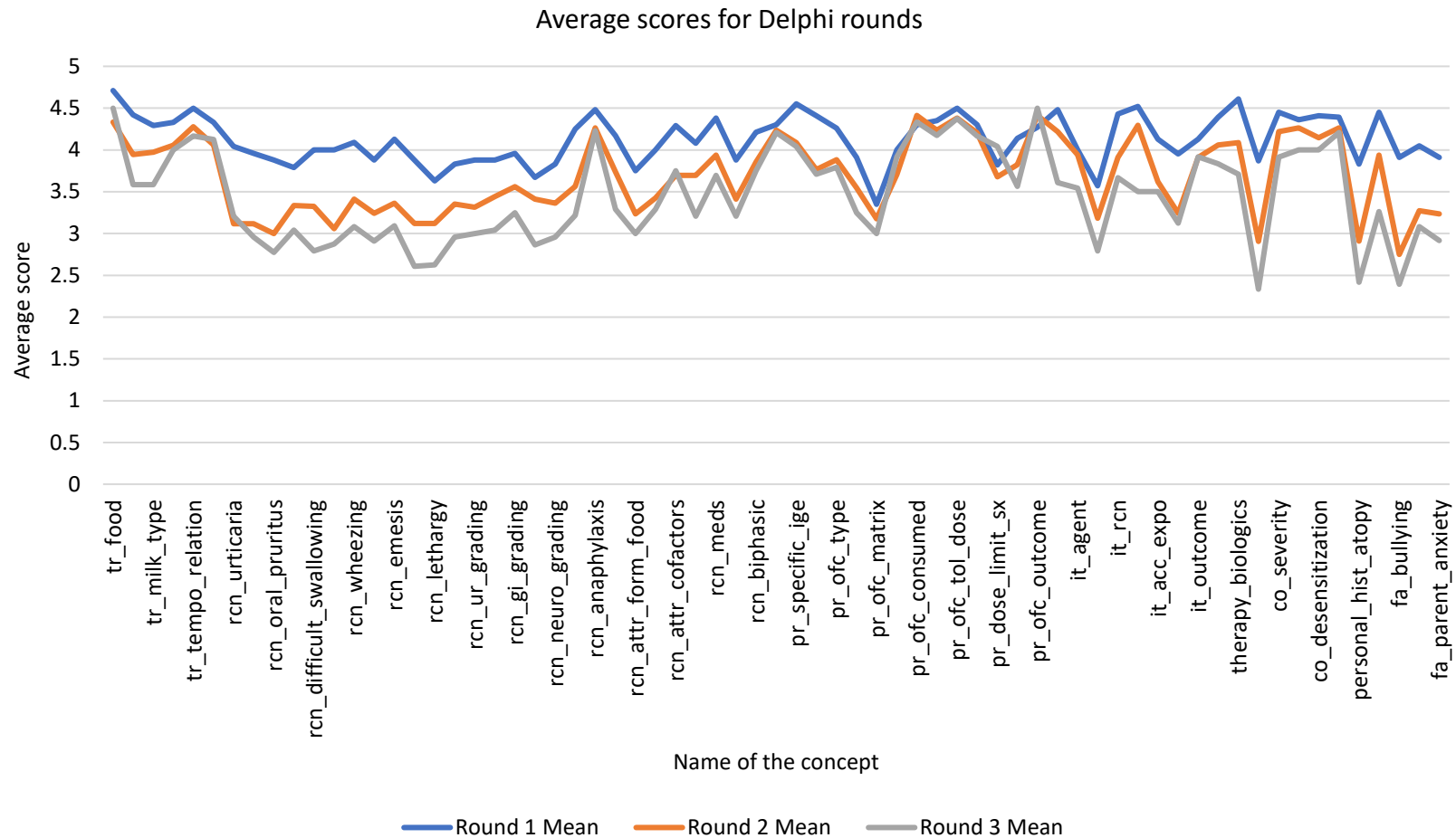
- Global collaboration: Five countries
 - Academia: 31
 - Industry: 11
 - Advocacy: 6

Reviewed the existing FA Data Dictionary to identify concepts (N=88).

- Additional candidate CDEs proposed by FACEP (N=121)

Phase 2: Summary of Delphi rounds 1-3

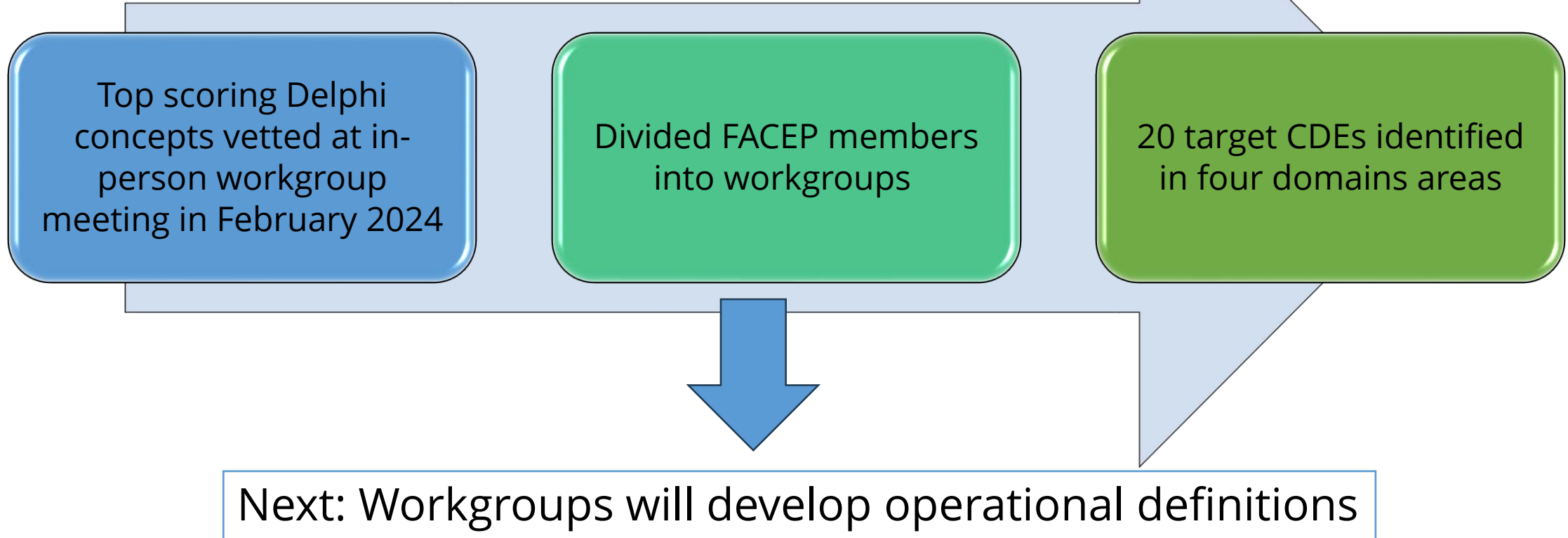
Executing Delphi rounds using REDCap (Three cycle Delphi)



Scored the concepts on a five-point Likert scale

The process

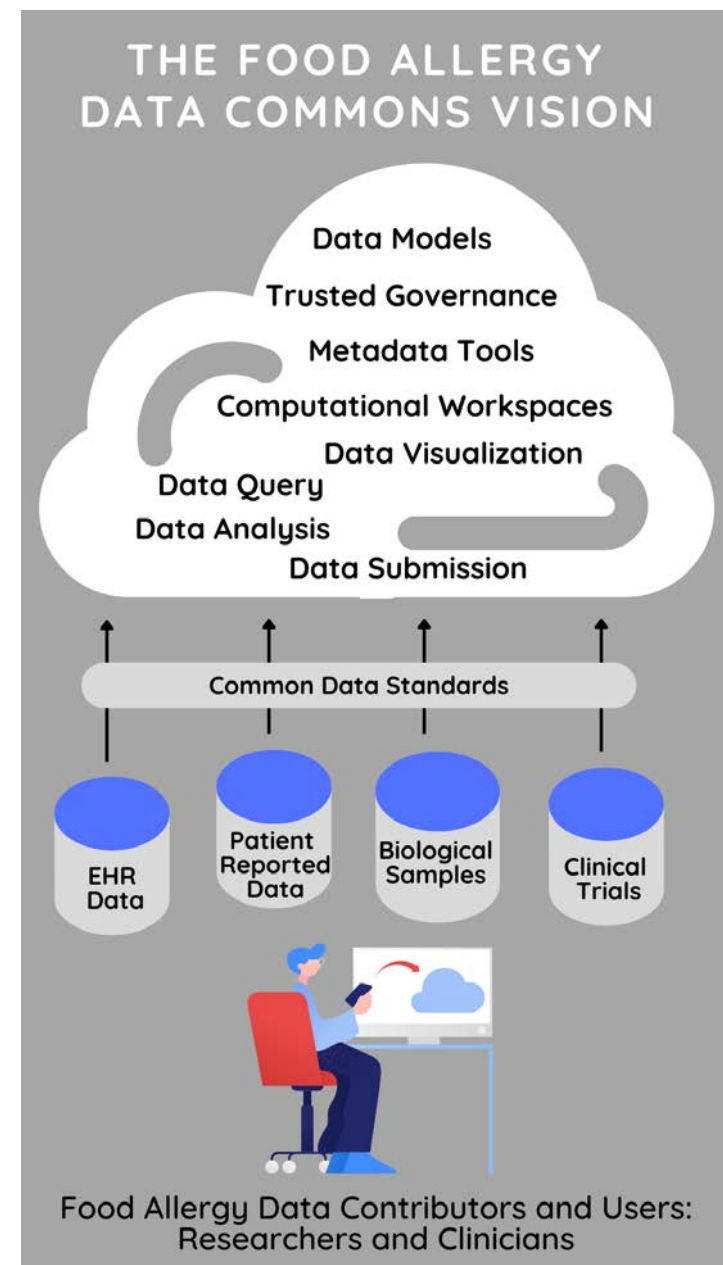
PHASE 3 (Ongoing)



Long Term Vision

Towards a Food Allergy Data Commons

- Single, centralized resource that supports data aggregation, distribution, and analysis
- Scalable approach for addressing the data and analysis challenges of complex traits



Meet our Team at Northwestern University



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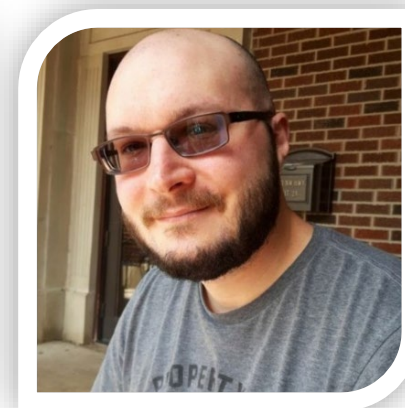
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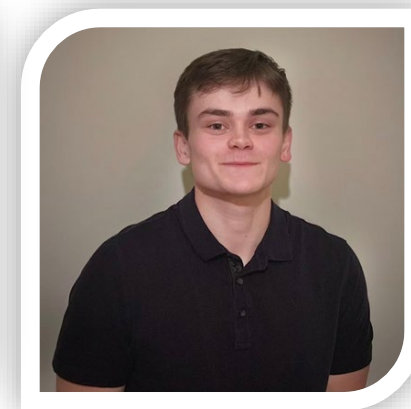
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Thank you!



CFAAR Resources