

# Advancing the Use and Development of **Common Data Elements**

in Research



• Natcher Conference Center  
Building 45, NIH Campus  
Bethesda, MD

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Thank you Drs. Gregurick and Bertagnolli

For

Lending your voice to the importance this initiative

# Setting the Stage: Making Data Interoperable

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# About me...

My mother's lung cancer diagnosis in 1998 and the mishandling of her medical records eventually led me to leave IBM to help NCI develop data standards.

- My vision was to use data mining to leverage individual patient profiles in clinical trials outcomes data to match patients to the right treatment
- Only 2% of the lung cancer data at a NCI Comprehensive Cancer Center was interoperable
- I joined NCI in 2000 and we established NCI's Cancer Data Standards Repository and Registry (caDSR) to support something we called common data elements (CDEs).

**Today:** NCI CDEs are used in 2,200+ sites across US, Canada and internationally, 675,000+ subjects, 3,500+ trials

- While I've never had the opportunity to revisit my original idea, the problem of not enough standardized, interoperable data has been successfully addressed through the use of CDEs.

## Our mission is clear:

Encourage adoption of CDEs to:

- Improve ***data quality and consistency***
- Integrate and leverage data to support ***advanced analytic methods to better support Data Scientists***

\* **Achieve Better Health Outcomes**



→ **Increase Life Expectancy**

→ **Improved National Health Equity**

# Setting the Stage

Elevate	Importance of CDEs
Appreciate	Unique value of CDEs for achieving data integration and the goals outlined by Drs. Gregurick and Bertagnolli
Leverage	CDEs help integrate data, improve quality and consistency and advance data analytics



## CDEs Pivotal Role

- Generally understood → common data standards improve interoperability
- Typically → shared set questions on forms, a shared data dictionary, or a common data collection system

***Data Scientists require high quality, interoperable data that enables new discoveries***

# What is a CDE?

## Definition:

- **Question or field [what] and its allowable responses [how]**
- **Used *systematically across different* sites, studies, or clinical trials**
- Helps **ensure consistent data collection**

*\*Basic Definition Adapted from [NLM CDE Repository “Definition of CDE”](#)*

# Interoperability



- Defined:
  - Ability to seamlessly and efficiently exchange or reuse data with clear unambiguous meaning
- Principles:
  - Standards for exchange
  - Rich metadata
  - Shared semantic alignment and mapping
  - Governance among stakeholders

*Applies to CDE interoperability and Data Interoperability*



# What is unique about CDEs?

*Basic Definition Plus Deeper Characteristics and Benefits:*

1. **Standard Terminology Concepts** → unambiguous, shared, and computable meaning
2. **Standardized Structure** → machine computability
3. **Independent Semantics** → reusable across physical data models, forms, datasets and supports ***different allowable responses across the same CDE meaning (what)***
4. **Persistent Unique Identifier** → identifiable, outside specific data collection systems
5. **Supports FAIR data** → rich metadata, web accessible repository (Findable, Accessible, Interoperable, Reusable)

# Standard Terminologies

Unambiguous, Computable Meaning for CDEs



*Interoperability Principle:*  
Shared semantic alignment  
and mapping

# What Do You Mean?

- Context is important in conveying meaning
  - Words have different meanings depending on words around it.
- Some examples:
  - **Agent:** chemical compound or government employee?
  - **Alcohol:** disinfectant or a drink?
  - **Colon:** sentence punctuation or biological organ?
  - **Mole:** animal, blemish, unit of measure, or spy?
  - **Probe:** examination, investigation, or instrument?
  - **The above words are SEMANTICALLY AMBIGUOUS.**
- Words can mean different things in different contexts.

# What are Standard Terminologies?

- Vocabulary for a specific field of study, domain or context
  - Terms used in a profession i.e. Healthcare and Biomedical Research
- Independent unique identifiers (concept id or code)
  - Ensures people and computers attach the same meaning
- Provide consistency, clarity
  - Unambiguous semantics
- May include text definitions, synonyms, mappings to other terminologies
  - Improves understanding and facilitates mapping of terminology unique identifier across terminologies
- Ontologies → special kind of terminology
  - Encode Knowledge through **context specific concept relationships**

# A word about Ontologies

## Knowledge Expansion, Access and Compare Meaning

- “TP53 Gene” Code C17359
- Concept Relationships
  - Gene\_Plays\_Role\_In\_Process
  - Gene\_Associated\_With\_Disease
  - Gene\_Involved\_In\_Pathogenesis\_Of\_Disease
  - Gene\_Has\_Abnormality
  - Gene\_Found\_In\_Organism

The screenshot shows the NCI Thesaurus web interface for the TP53 Gene (Code C17359). The page is titled "TP53 Gene (Code C17359)" and features a search bar at the top with the query "p53". The interface includes navigation tabs for "Terms & Properties", "Synonym Details", "Relationships", "Mappings", and "View All". The "Relationships" tab is active, displaying "Relationships with other NCI Thesaurus Concepts".

Parent Concepts: [Cell Cycle Gene](#)

Child Concepts: [TP53 wt Allele](#), [TP53\\*1 Allele](#)

Role Relationships, asserted or inherited, pointing from the current concept to other concepts: (True for the current concept and its descendants, may be inherited from parent(s).)

Relationship	Value (qualifiers indented underneath)
<b>Biological Process</b>	
Gene_Plays_Role_In_Process	<a href="#">Aging</a>
Gene_Plays_Role_In_Process	<a href="#">Cell Cycle Process</a>
Gene_Plays_Role_In_Process	<a href="#">Cell Cycle Regulation Process</a>
Gene_Plays_Role_In_Process	<a href="#">DNA Repair</a>
Gene_Plays_Role_In_Process	<a href="#">Positive Regulation of Apoptosis</a>
Gene_Plays_Role_In_Process	<a href="#">Transcriptional Regulation</a>
Gene_Plays_Role_In_Process	<a href="#">Tumor Suppression</a>
<b>Disease, Disorder or Finding</b>	
Gene_Associated_With_Disease	<a href="#">Adrenal Cortical Carcinoma</a>
Gene_Associated_With_Disease	<a href="#">Breast Carcinoma</a>
Gene_Associated_With_Disease	<a href="#">Hepatocellular Carcinoma</a>
Gene_Associated_With_Disease	<a href="#">Nasopharyngeal Carcinoma</a>
Gene_Associated_With_Disease	<a href="#">Osteosarcoma</a>
Gene_Associated_With_Disease	<a href="#">Thyroid Gland Carcinoma</a>
<b>Gene</b>	
Gene_Involved_In_Pathogenesis_Of_Disease	<a href="#">A53 Diffuse Large B-Cell Lymphoma</a>
Gene_Involved_In_Pathogenesis_Of_Disease	<a href="#">Adult Glioblastoma</a>
Gene_Involved_In_Pathogenesis_Of_Disease	<a href="#">Ampulla of Vater Adenocarcinoma</a>
Gene_Involved_In_Pathogenesis_Of_Disease	<a href="#">Anaplastic Astrocytoma</a>
Gene_Involved_In_Pathogenesis_Of_Disease	<a href="#">Bowen Disease of the Skin</a>
Gene_Involved_In_Pathogenesis_Of_Disease	<a href="#">Bowenoid Papulosis</a>
Gene_Involved_In_Pathogenesis_Of_Disease	<a href="#">Breast Medullary Carcinoma</a>
Gene_Involved_In_Pathogenesis_Of_Disease	<a href="#">Cervical Carcinoma</a>
Gene_Involved_In_Pathogenesis_Of_Disease	<a href="#">Childhood Glioblastoma</a>
Gene_Involved_In_Pathogenesis_Of_Disease	<a href="#">Colorectal Carcinoma</a>
Gene_Involved_In_Pathogenesis_Of_Disease	<a href="#">Esophageal Adenocarcinoma</a>



# Key message

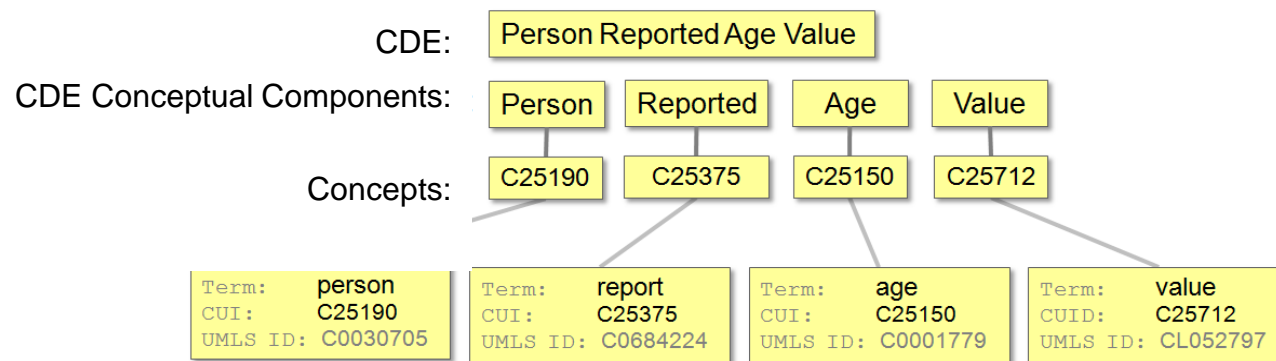
- Words can have different meanings
- Use Standard Terminology for clear, shared meaning

# Standard Structure

Machine computable meaning

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# Standard Structure for Concepts representing CDE meaning (What)



**Term:** the word in the terminology (human readable and understanding what is meant)

**CUI:** in this case → NCI Thesaurus Concept Codes

**UMLS CUI:** the Unified Medical Language System (UMLS) Concept Unique Identifier

**Benefit:** Organizing terminology concepts in a standard structure enables computable and comparable meaning



# Standard Structured for Concepts representing allowable responses (How)

## Terminology Code Mapping

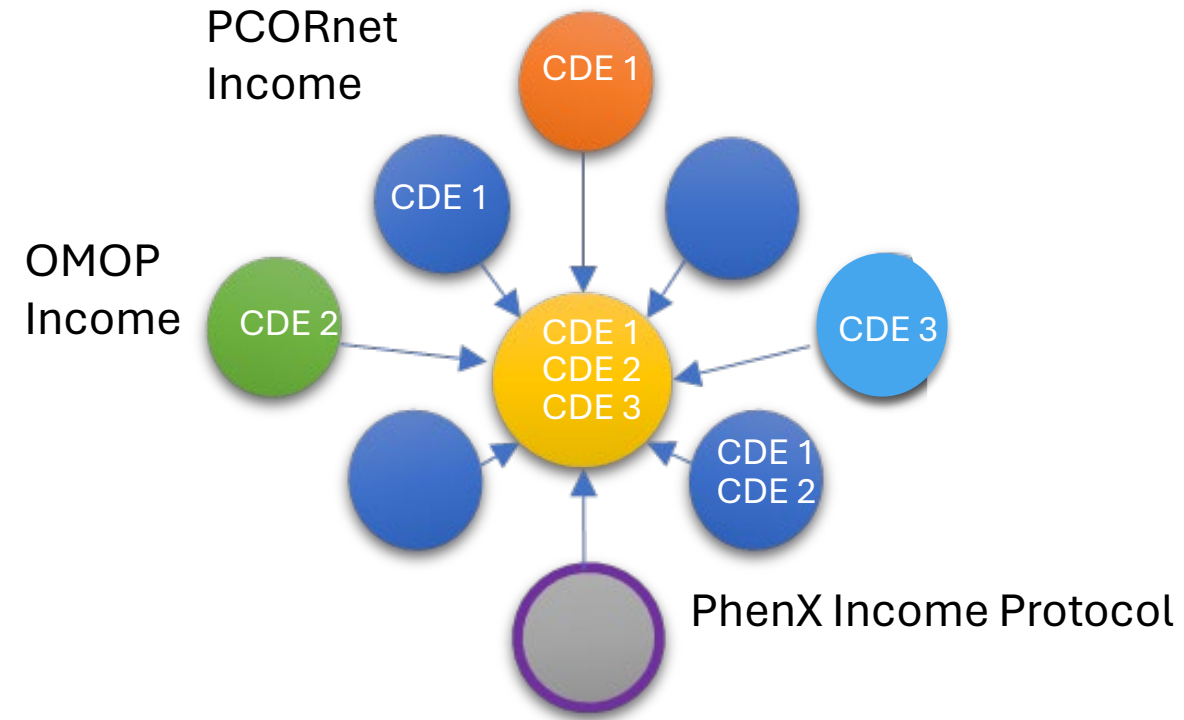
	NCI Thesaurus	→ UMLS CUI	→ LOINC
American Indian or Alaska Native	C41259	C0282204	LA10608-0
Asian or Asian American	C41260	C0003988	LA6156-9
Black or African American	C16352	C0085756	LA10610-6
Hispanic, Latino, or Spanish	C17459	C0086409	LA6214-6
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	C41219	C1513907	LA10611-4
Middle Eastern or North African	C43866	C1553353	No Match
White	C41261	C0043157	LA4457-3

# One last word on Independent Semantics/Meaning

Machine computable meaning

# Common Semantics vs Common Data Model

- Independent - Common Semantics
  - *Provides clear, unambiguous meaning*
  - Meaning is independent of any data model
  - Mapping at CDE level instead of Model Level
- Common Data Model
  - *Describes how data is organized for data storage*
  - Driven by query and analysis requirements



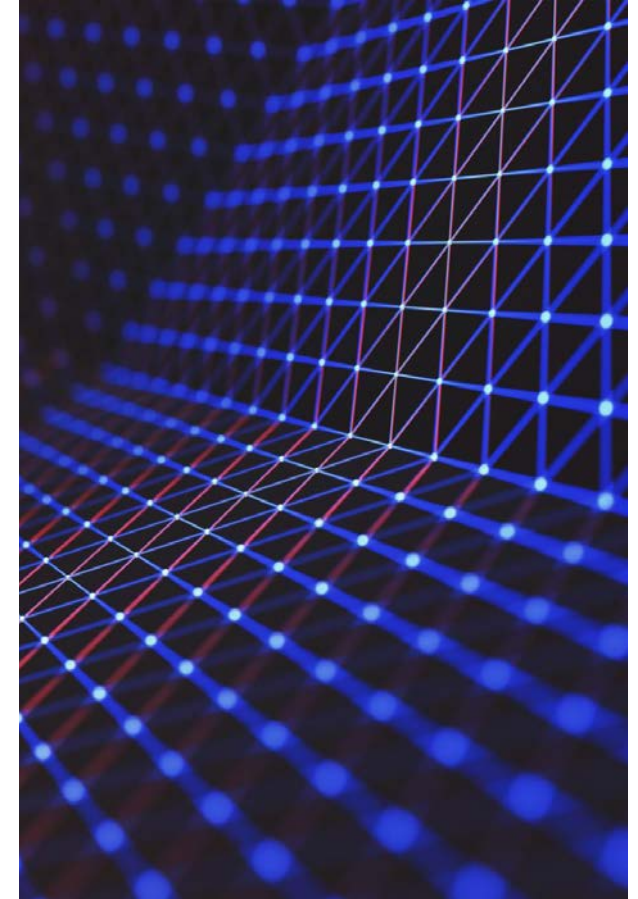


# Key message

- Concepts are the foundation for machine computable meaning
  - Standard Structure for CDE Concepts
    - The field or question (“What”)
    - The allowable responses (“How”)

# Adopt CDEs to Data Interoperability → Advance Research

Improve	Support	Enhance	Simplify	Reduce
<b>Improve data quality and consistency</b>	<b>Support Data harmonization</b>	<b>Enhance knowledge acquisition</b>	<b>Simplify collaboration</b>	<b>Reduce project start-up</b>
Unambiguous meaning people and computers	Mapping and transformation	Advanced data analytics  Data Science	Healthcare and Research	Well designed and vetted



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Thank you for your time and attention!

We will now break until 11:30 a.m.